CLAIMS:

1. A method for configuring a regulator circuit having a sample-and-hold circuit, comprising:

coupling an input voltage to an input node of the sample-and-hold circuit; activating the sample-and hold circuit in response to the input voltage; sensing an output voltage at an output node coupled to the sample and hold circuit; determining whether the input voltage at the input node is greater than the output voltage at the output node; and

providing a sample-and-hold function based on the determination.

- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein a transfer function of the sample-and-hold circuit is pseudo-all-pass if the input voltage at the input node is greater than an output voltage at the output node and is a substantially constant signal if the input voltage at the input node is less than the output voltage at the output node.
 - 3. The method of claim 2 wherein the regulator circuit comprises a buck-boost converter, a differential amplifier, a PID controller, a sample-and-hold circuit and a PWM modulator.
 - 4. The method of claim 2 wherein the sample-and-hold circuit is passive.
 - 5. The method of claim 4 wherein the sample-and hold circuit comprises a series input resistor coupled to an input of a forward biased diode wherein the output of the diode is coupled to a capacitor in parallel with a resistor shunted to ground wherein the output of the sample-and-hold is taken from the output of the diode.
- 6. The method of claim 5 wherein providing the sample-and-hold circuit transfer function comprises arranging a first pass diode coupled between the input node and the output node and a second pass diode coupled between the sample-and-hold circuit and the output node.

- 7. The method of claim 6 wherein the first pass diode and the second pass diode are sensing the output voltage at the output node.
 - 8. The method of claim 2 wherein coupling the input voltage to the sampleand-hold circuit comprises coupling the output of the differential amplifier wherein the differential amplifier is arranged to sense current through an LED.
 - 9. The method of claim 2 wherein activating the sample-and hold circuit in response to the input voltage comprises energizing the sample-and-hold circuit with the voltage signal.
 - 10. The method of claim 1 wherein the regulator circuit is capable of DC operation and low-frequency PWM current drive of LEDs.
 - 11. A regulator circuit having a sample-and-hold circuit, comprising: a regulation circuit;

a sample-and-hold circuit coupled to input and output nodes wherein the input node and output node are coupled to the regulation circuit; and

wherein a transfer function of the sample-and-hold circuit is pseudo-allpass if the input voltage at the input node is greater than an output voltage at the output node and is a substantially constant signal if the input voltage at the input node is less than the output voltage at the output node.

- 12. The regulator circuit of claim 11 wherein the sample and hold circuit further comprises a first pass diode coupled between the input node and the output node and a second pass diode coupled between the sample-and-hold circuit and the output node.
- 13. The regulator circuit of claim 12 wherein the regulation circuit is capable of DC operation and low-frequency PWM current drive of LEDs.

- 14. The regulator circuit of claim 12 wherein the regulation circuit comprises a buck-boost converter, a differential amplifier, a PID controller, a sample-and-hold circuit and a PWM modulator.
- 15. The regulator circuit of claim 14 wherein the sample-and-hold circuit is passive.
 - 16. The regulator circuit of claim 15 wherein the sample-and hold circuit comprises a series input resistor coupled to an input of a forward biased diode wherein the output of the diode is coupled to a capacitor in parallel with a resistor both shunted to ground wherein the output of the sample-and-hold circuit is taken from the output of the diode.
 - 17. The regulator circuit of claim 16 wherein the first pass diode and the second pass diode are forward biased from the input node to the output node.
- 18. A system for configuring a regulator circuit having a sample-and-hold circuit, comprising:

means for coupling an input voltage to an input node of the sample-and-hold circuit;

means for activating the sample-and hold circuit in response to the input voltage; means for sensing an output voltage at an output node coupled to the sample and hold circuit;

means for determining whether the input voltage at the input node is greater than the output voltage at the output node; and

means for providing a sample-and-hold function based the determination.